

USC 23
Original

1 Tyrrell Farrow Cannon
 2 CDCR# T-9171D
 3 Ironwood State Prison.
 4 P.O. Box 2199
 5 Blythe, California. 92226

2354	1983	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FILED
FILING FEE PAID			
Yes	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MAY 20 2008
I/P MOTION FILED		CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT	
Yes	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
COPIES SENT TO BY		DEPUTY	
Court	ProSe		

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 8 '08 CV 0834 L JMA
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Office of the Attorney
General.

Initiative Coordinator.

13 Tyrrell Farrow Cannon
 14 Complainant.

15 v. 07-0100.

16 Knights of the Ku Klux Klans. Amdt. 7 yrs

17 State of California, Counties of violation of the
 18 San Diego, Orange, Riverside, Ku Klux Klan Act.
 19 San Bernardino, and Los 42 USC § 1985 et seq.
 20 Angeles Supervising Counsel's Communist Control
 21 and Majors, et al. Act. 50 USC § 841.
 22 Respondents. Homeland Security
 23 Act. 61 USC § 101 et seq.
 24 Cause of action.
 25 Slavery, Genocide
 26 Kidnapping Conspiracy

Other Parties.

John Doe, Dr. Henry Nicholas, Ms. Marcella
Leach, Ms. Leontine Hawkins, Ms. Lee N. Titus
and Divers.

Facts.

It is well establish by criminal case and laws and laws to exclude that there exist communist conspiracies and within the administration of Justice, that their is an conspiracy by white subversive people with the aim to put down the constitution of the United States by the use of mid-range or second class citizens to be employed into the scheme of Justice to give aid and comfort to an ongoing Political scheme by force and fear in relation to teaching the techniques of the Ku Klux Klan and of communist activities of white supremacy dictator Hitler. That subjects citizens to program systematically designed to give aid comfort, sanctuary to the enemy (sic robbing Government Code 1027.5 (A)(c)), (see exp #1 pg

Wherefore in the facts and finding of California Legislative Counsel, there exist no clear intention, abuse of privilege knowingly, intelligently by poor, citizen to combine, or to intentional hinder, impede, defeat no other citizen by no other design than

of being victims themselves to a political enterprise, Programs, that cause depression by oppressive schemes and plans, under the spirit of Ku Klux Klanism, or and nazism that imposed upon Tax payer by force and fear to call to an vote for the purpose of a major scheme against the United States and Tax payer to pay for an additional private, secret, criminal empire lead by the Millionair Club, better know as United States Senator and its agents under John McCain "Act" nuclear option, and Pete Wilson former Governor Scheme to cause two California Justice's "Judge's" to leave from the bench after the passing of Prop. 8 1982, (See information on Reagan & U.S. Supreme Court Justice Sandra D. O'Connor. 1983) (Also see opinion of Judge in 1994 Los Angeles Times on or about March 07-1994).

Whereas Jobs, raising employment, have been hindered, impeded, defeated by A war over see's, kindled by citizens of the United States even Communist Members have no problem with giving a false oath. Most don't believe in a God. Jesus said that there is a god of this system whom is satan. (See 2 cor 11:14, 2 cor 4:4. among whom the god of this system of things has blinded the minds of the unbeliever.

ers that the illumination of the glorious good news about the Christ, who is the image of God, might not shine through.

Those and all of them, whom seeks to call to the mind of voter for this purpose or scheme, must and shall be investigated although they may or may not been educated by the schools or college here in United States for Possible of instrument of a conspiracy to overthrow the Government of the United States

Prayer

That this complaint, acts as a complaint for all purposes herein the administration of the Governor's office, Attorney General office, and the Courts of the State of California, and United States District Courts. Pursuant to 28-USCA 1331, 1334, 1350, et seq. (18USCA 2381-2386, Smith act.) (Anti Trust act Sherman 15USCA 81).

Conclusion

I Tyrrell Forrest Connor, is a United States citizen, whom is a victim of the victim act of Prop. 8, 1982, Pen. Code 1192.7, b67(2)(B). and is being held hold against my rights to make and enlage contracts as white people do. and a victim of a domestic terrorist group, knowingly

1 intelligently, and after complained of.

2
3 I declare under Penalty and under the act
4 of Punishment Pursuant to 28 USC 1746(d),
5 that the foregoing is true and correct by
6 my undersigned and date: May 18 2008

7 Original Signature:

8 Tyrrell J. Ayers
9 complainant

Respectfully Submitted,

10 Tyrrell J. Ayers
complainant,

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14 T.F.C.

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Exhibit
1 pg's 4-8.

December 26, 2007

07-0100

Amdt. #1NS

RECEIVED

DEC 26 2007

INITIATIVE COORDINATOR
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

Krystal Paris, Initiative Coordinator
Office of the Attorney General
State of California
PO Box 994255
Sacramento, CA 94244-25550

Re: Request for Title and Summary for Victims' Bill of Rights Act of 2008:
Marsy's Law (AG Identification Number: 07-0100)

Dear Ms. Paris:

The initial proponent of the above-referenced initiative filed with your office on December 21, 2007 requests that the following three individuals be substituted as the proponents of the measure:

Dr. Henry Nicholas
Ms. Marcella Leach
Ms. LaWanda Hawkins

Pursuant to Elections Code section 9004, we propose that this request be received as a technical, non-substantive amendment.

Each of the substituted proponents have executed the required signed statement under California Elections Code section 9608. The addresses as registered to vote of each of the substituted proponents are shown on Attachment 'A' to this letter.

Thank you for your time and attention to this important matter. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact the undersigned at 455 Capitol Mall, Suite 801, Sacramento, California 95814, phone (916) 442-7757.

Very Truly Yours,

Ashlee N. Titus

pg 1.

thousands of victims of crime who have experienced the additional pain and frustration of a criminal justice system that too often fails to afford victims even the most basic of rights.

3. The People of the State of California find that the "broad reform" of the criminal justice system intended to grant these basic rights mandated in the Victims' Bill of Rights initiative measure passed by the electorate as ~~Proposition 8~~ ~~in 1982~~ has not occurred as envisioned by the People. Victims of crime continue to be denied rights to justice and due process.

4. An inefficient, overcrowded, and arcane criminal justice system has failed to build adequate jails and prisons, has failed to efficiently conduct court proceedings, and has failed to expeditiously finalize the sentences and punishments of criminal wrongdoers. Those criminal wrongdoers are being released from custody after serving as little as 10 percent of the sentences imposed and determined to be appropriate by judges.

5. Each year hundreds of convicted murderers sentenced to serve life in prison seek release on parole from our state prisons. California's "release from prison parole procedures" torture the families of murdered victims and waste millions of dollars each year. In California convicted murderers are appointed attorneys paid by the tax dollars of its citizens, and these convicted murderers are often given parole hearings every year. The families of murdered victims are never able to escape the seemingly unending torture and fear that the murderer of their loved one will be once again free to murder.

6. "Helter Skelter" inmates Bruce Davis and Leslie Van Houghton, two followers of Charles Manson convicted of multiple brutal murders, have had 38 parole hearings during the past 30 years.

7. Like most victims of murder, Marsy was neither rich nor famous when she was murdered by a former boyfriend who lured her from her parents' home by threatening to kill himself. Instead he used a shotgun to brutally end her life when she entered his home in an effort to stop him from killing himself. Following her murderer's arrest, Marsy's mother was shocked to meet him at a local supermarket, learning that he had been released on bail without any notice to Marsy's family and without any opportunity for her family to state their opposition to his release.

8. Several years after his conviction and sentence to "life in prison," the parole hearings for his release began. In the first parole hearing, Marsy's mother suffered a heart attack fighting against his release. Since then Marsy's family has endured the trauma of frequent parole hearings and constant anxiety that Marsy's killer would be released.

9. The experiences of Marsy's family are not unique. Thousands of other crime victims have shared the experiences of Marsy's family, caused by the failure of our criminal justice system to notify them of their rights, failure to give them notice of important hearings in the prosecutions of their criminal wrongdoers, failure to provide them with an opportunity to speak and participate, failure to impose actual and just punishment upon their wrongdoers, and failure to extend to them some measure of finality to the trauma inflicted upon them by their wrongdoers.

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appropriately and thoroughly investigated, appropriately detained in custody, brought before the courts of California even if arrested outside the state, tried by the courts in a timely manner, sentenced, and sufficiently punished so that the public safety is protected and encouraged as a goal of highest importance.

(5) Victims of crime have a collectively shared right to expect that persons convicted of committing criminal acts are sufficiently punished in both the manner and the length of the sentences imposed by the courts of the State of California. This right includes the right to expect that the punitive and deterrent effect of custodial sentences imposed by the courts will not be undercut or diminished by the granting of rights and privileges to prisoners that are not required by any provision of the United States Constitution or by the laws of this state to be granted to any person incarcerated in a penal or other custodial facility in this state as a punishment or correction for the commission of a crime.

(6) Victims of crime are entitled to finality in their criminal cases. Lengthy appeals and other post-judgment proceedings that challenge criminal convictions, frequent and difficult parole hearings that threaten to release criminal offenders, and the ongoing threat that the sentences of criminal wrongdoers will be reduced, prolong the suffering of crime victims for many years after the crimes themselves have been perpetrated. This prolonged suffering of crime victims and their families must come to an end.

(7) Finally, the People find and declare that the right to public safety extends to public and private primary, elementary, junior high, and senior high school, and community college, California State University, University of California, and private college and university campuses, where students and staff have the right to be safe and secure in their persons.

(8) To accomplish these goals it is necessary that the laws of California relating to the criminal justice process be amended in order to protect the legitimate rights of victims of crime. Broad reforms in the procedural treatment of accused persons and the disposition and sentencing of convicted persons are necessary and proper as deterrents to criminal behavior and to serious disruption of people's lives.

(b) In order to preserve and protect a victim's rights to justice and due process, a victim shall be entitled to the following rights:

(1) To be treated with fairness and respect for his or her privacy and dignity, and to be free from intimidation, harassment, and abuse, throughout the criminal or juvenile justice process.

(2) To be reasonably protected from the defendant and persons acting on behalf of the defendant.

(3) To have the safety of the victim and the victim's family considered in fixing the amount of bail and release conditions for the defendant.

(4) To prevent the disclosure of confidential information or records to the defendant, the defendant's attorney, or any other person acting on behalf of the defendant, which could be used to locate or harass the victim or the victim's family or which disclose confidential communications made in the course of medical or counseling treatment, or which are otherwise privileged or confidential by law.

the parole of the offender, and to be notified, upon request, of the parole or other release of the offender.

(16) To have the safety of the victim, the victim's family, and the general public considered before any parole or other post-judgment release decision is made.

(17) To be informed of the rights enumerated in paragraphs (1) through (16).

(c) (1) A victim, the retained attorney of a victim, a lawful representative of the victim, or the prosecuting attorney upon request of the victim, may enforce the rights enumerated in subdivision (b) in any trial or appellate court with jurisdiction over the case as a matter of right. The court shall act promptly on such a request.

(2) This section does not create any cause of action for compensation or damages against the state, any political subdivision of the state, any officer, employee, or agent of the state or of any of its political subdivisions, or any officer or employee of the court.

(d) The granting of these rights to victims shall not be construed to deny or disparage other rights possessed by victims. The court in its discretion may extend the right to be heard at sentencing to any person harmed by the defendant. The parole authority shall extend the right to be heard at a parole hearing to any person harmed by the offender.

(e) As used in this section, a "victim" is a person who suffers direct or threatened physical, psychological, or financial harm as a result of the commission or attempted commission of a crime or delinquent act. The term "victim" also includes the person's spouse, parents, children, siblings, or guardian, and includes a lawful representative of a crime victim who is deceased, a minor, or physically or psychologically incapacitated. The term "victim" does not include a person in custody for an offense, the accused, or a person whom the court finds would not act in the best interests of a minor victim.

(f) In addition to the enumerated rights provided in subdivision (b) that are personally enforceable by victims as provided in subdivision (c), victims of crime have additional rights that are shared with all of the People of the State of California. These collectively held rights include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) Right to Safe Schools. All students and staff of public primary, elementary, junior high, and senior high schools, and community colleges, colleges, and universities have the inalienable right to attend campuses which are safe, secure and peaceful.

(d) (2) Right to Truth-in-Evidence. Except as provided by statute hereafter enacted by a two-thirds vote of the membership in each house of the Legislature, relevant evidence shall not be excluded in any criminal proceeding, including pretrial and post conviction motions and hearings, or in any trial or hearing of a juvenile for a criminal offense, whether heard in juvenile or adult court. Nothing in this section shall affect any existing statutory rule of evidence relating to privilege or hearsay, or Evidence Code Sections 352, 782 or 1103. Nothing in this section shall affect any existing statutory or constitutional right of the press.

(e) (3) Public Safety Bail. A person may be released on bail by sufficient sureties, except for capital crimes when the facts are evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail may not be required. In setting, reducing or denying bail,

be examined by the board and shall have the opportunity to enter a written response to any material contained in the file.

(2) The prisoner shall be permitted to be present, to ask and answer questions, and to speak on his or her own behalf. *Neither the prisoner nor the attorney for the prisoner shall be entitled to ask questions of any person appearing at the hearing pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 3043.*

(3) Unless legal counsel is required by some other provision of law, a person designated by the Department of Corrections shall be present to insure that all facts relevant to the decision be presented, including, if necessary, contradictory assertions as to matters of fact that have not been resolved by departmental or other procedures.

(4) The prisoner and any person described in subdivision (b) of Section 3043 shall be permitted to request and receive a stenographic record of all proceedings.

(5) If the hearing is for the purpose of postponing or rescinding of parole dates, the prisoner shall have rights set forth in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subdivision (c) of Section 2932.

(6) *The board shall set a date to reconsider whether an inmate should be released on parole that ensures a meaningful consideration whether the inmate is suitable for release on parole.*

(b)(1) Within 10 days following any meeting where a parole date has been set, the board shall send the prisoner a written statement setting forth his or her parole date, the conditions he or she must meet in order to be released on the date set, and the consequences of failure to meet those conditions.

(2) Within 20 days following any meeting where a parole date has not been set ~~for the reasons stated in subdivision (b) of Section 3044~~, the board shall send the prisoner a written statement setting forth the reason or reasons for refusal to set a parole date, and suggest activities in which he or she might participate that will benefit him or her while he or she is incarcerated.

(3) The board shall hear each case annually thereafter, except the board may schedule the next hearing no later than the following, after considering the views and interests of the victim, as follows:

(A) Two years after any hearing at which parole is denied if the board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing during the following year and states the bases for the finding. Fifteen years after any hearing at which parole is denied, unless the board finds by clear and convincing evidence that the criteria relevant to the setting of parole release dates enumerated in subdivision (a) of Section 3041 are such that consideration of the public and victim's safety does not require a more lengthy period of incarceration for the prisoner than ten additional years.

(B) Up to five years after any hearing at which parole is denied if the prisoner has been convicted of murder, and the board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing during the following years and states the bases for the finding in writing. If the board defers a hearing five years, the prisoner's central file shall be reviewed by a deputy commissioner within three years at which time the deputy commissioner may

interests of the victim to determine whether to grant or deny a written request made pursuant to paragraph (1), and its decision shall be subject to review by a court or magistrate only for a manifest abuse of discretion by the board. The board shall have the power to summarily deny a request that does not comply with the provisions of this subdivision or that does not set forth a change in circumstances or new information as required in paragraph (1) that in the judgment of the board is sufficient to justify the action described in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b).

(3) An inmate may make only one written request as provided in paragraph (1) during each three year period. Following either a summary denial of a request made pursuant to paragraph (1), or the decision of the board after a hearing described in subdivision (a) to not set a parole date, the inmate shall not be entitled to submit another request for a hearing pursuant to subdivision (a) until a three-year period of time has elapsed from the summary denial or decision of the board.

Section 3043 of Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 1 of Part 3 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

§ 3043(a)(1) Upon request, notice of any hearing to review or consider the parole suitability or the setting of a parole date for any prisoner in a state prison shall be sent by the Board of Prison-Terms Parole Hearings at least 30 90 days before the hearing to any victim of a any crime committed by the prisoner, or to the next of kin of the victim if the victim has died, to include the commitment crimes, determinate term commitment crimes for which the prisoner has been paroled, and any other felony crimes or crimes against the person for which the prisoner has been convicted. The requesting party shall keep the board apprised of his or her current mailing address.

(2) No later than 30 days prior to the date selected for the hearing, any person, other than the victim, entitled to attend the hearing shall inform the board of his or her intention to attend the hearing and the name and identifying information of any other person entitled to attend the hearing who will accompany him or her.

(3) No later than 14 days prior to the date selected for the hearing, the board shall notify every person entitled to attend the hearing confirming the date, time, and place of the hearing.

(b)(1) The victim, next of kin, two members of the victim's immediate family, or and two representatives designated for a particular hearing by the victim or, in the event the victim is deceased or incapacitated, by the next of kin in writing prior to the hearing as provided in paragraph (2) of this subdivision have the right to appear, personally or by counsel, at the hearing and to adequately and reasonably express his, her, or their views concerning the prisoner and the case, including, but not limited to the commitment crimes, determinate term commitment crimes for which the prisoner has been paroled, any other felony crimes or crimes against the person for which the prisoner has been convicted, the effect of the enumerated crimes on the victim and the family

for protecting victims' rights in the parole process. Accordingly, to protect a victim from harassment and abuse during the parole process, no person paroled from a California correctional facility following incarceration for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this act shall, in the event his or her parole is revoked, be entitled to procedural rights other than the following:

(1) A parolee shall be entitled to a probable cause hearing no later than 15 days following his or her arrest for violation of parole.

(2) A parolee shall be entitled to an evidentiary revocation hearing no later than 45 days following his or her arrest for violation of parole.

(3) A parolee shall, upon request, be entitled to counsel at state expense only if, considering the request on a case-by-case basis, the board or its hearing officers determine:

(A) The parolee is indigent; and

(B) Considering the complexity of the charges, the defense, or because the parolee's mental or educational capacity, he or she appears incapable of speaking effectively in his or her own defense.

(4) In the event the parolee's request for counsel, which shall be considered on a case-by-case basis, is denied, the grounds for denial shall be stated succinctly in the record.

(5) Parole revocation determinations shall be based upon a preponderance of evidence admitted at hearings including documentary evidence, direct testimony, or hearsay evidence offered by parole agents, peace officers, or a victim.

(6) Admission of the recorded or hearsay statement of a victim or percipient witness shall not be construed to create a right to confront the witness at the hearing.

(b) The board is entrusted with the safety of victims and the public and shall make its determination fairly, independently, without bias and shall not be influenced by or weigh the state cost or burden associated with just decisions. The board must accordingly enjoy sufficient autonomy to conduct unbiased hearings, and maintain an independent legal and administrative staff. The board shall report to the Governor.

SECTION 6. NOTICE OF VICTIMS' BILL OF RIGHTS

Section 679.026 is added to Title 17 of Part 1 of the Penal Code to read:

Sec. 679.026. (a) It is the intent of the People of the State of California in enacting this section to implement the rights of victims of crime established in Section 28 of Article I of the California Constitution to be informed of the rights of crime victims enumerated in the Constitution and in the statutes of this state.

(b) Every victim of crime has the right to receive without cost or charge a list of the rights of victims of crime recognized in Section 28 of Article I of the California Constitution. These rights shall be known as "Marsy Rights."

(c)(1) Every law enforcement agency investigating a criminal act and every agency prosecuting a criminal act shall, as provided herein, at the time of

The statutory provisions of this Act shall not be amended by the Legislature except by a statute passed in each house by roll-call vote entered in the journal, three-fourths of the membership of each house concurring, or by a statute that becomes effective only when approved by the voters. However, the Legislature may amend the statutory provisions of this Act to expand the scope of their application, to recognize additional rights of victims of crime, or to further the rights of victims of crime by a statute passed by a majority vote of the membership of each house.

SECTION 10. RETROACTIVITY

The provisions of this Act shall apply in all matters which arise and to all proceedings held after the effective date of this Act.

Additional Page.

1 PROOF OF SERVICE

2 Declaration of Service by Mail

3
4 I, Tyrrell F. Cannon, declare that I am over the age of eighteen
5 (18) and that I (~~am~~) a party to this action. On May,
6 2008, I deposited a copy of the following document(s):

7 Complaint. Victim of Ku Klux Klan Activities.
8 42 USCA 1985. / 18. USCA 8, 2381-2386.
9 5 pages. Plus Exhibit 1.

10
11
12 in a sealed envelope with postage prepaid into the United States mail
13 outlet via an authorized California Department of Corrections employee
14 at Ironwood State Prison, in Riverside County, Blythe, California, and
15 addressed as follows:

16 U.S. District Court. Chief Justice. U.S. Dept of Justice.
17 333 Constitutional Ave. N.W. F.B.I. Chief.
18 Washington D.C. 20540. 930 Pennsylvania Avenue.
19
20 Director. Washington D.C. 20001. Washington D.C. 20031.

21 Central Intelligence Agency. U.S. District Court.
22 Washington D.C. 20001. Southern District
23 Director. San Diego, Calif.

24 I declare under penalty of perjury by the laws of the State of
25 California that the foregoing is true and correct (pursuant to 28 USCA
26 §1746(2)). Also to Krystal Paris, Initiative Coordinator
27 Date: May 2008 Office of the Attorney General.

State of Calif. P.O. Box 994253
Sacramento, CA 94244-0533
Signature Tyrrell Cannon

1 PROOF OF SERVICE

2 Declaration of Service by Mail

3
4 I, Tyrall Flanigan Concord, declare that I am over the age of eighteen
5 (18) and that I (am/~~am~~) a party to this action. On May,
6 2008, I deposited a copy of the following document(s):

7 Complaint, Victim of Ku Klux Klan activities.
8 42USCA 1985. / 18USCA 2381-2386.
9 5 pages, Plus Exhibit 1.

10 -
11
12 in a sealed envelope with postage prepaid into the United States mail
13 outlet via an authorized California Department of Corrections employee
14 at Ironwood State Prison, in Riverside County, Blythe, California, and
15 addressed as follows:

16 U.S. Attorney General.
17 Michael Mukasey.
18 950 Pennsylvania Ave. NW.
19 Washington DC. 20541.

Office's San Diego County.
Orange County.
Riverside County.
Los Angeles County.
San Bernardino County.

20 U.S. Supreme Court
21 Justice(s). Chief.
22 1st. First street NW.
23 Washington DC. 20001.

President of the United
State.
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington DC. 20001.

24 I declare under penalty of perjury by the laws of the State of
25 California that the foregoing is true and correct (pursuant to 28 USCA
26 §1746(2)). Also: Ashlee N. Titus, 455 Capitol Mall, Ste 801,
Sacramento, Calif. 95814.

27 Date: May 2008

Signature

Tyrall Flanigan

1 PROOF OF SERVICE
2

3 Declaration of Service by Mail

4 Tyrrell F. Cannon, declare that I am over the age of
5 eighteen (18) and that I (am/~~am~~) a party to this action. On May 18,
6 2008, I deposited a copy of the following document(s):

7 Complainant Smith Act.
8 Sherman Act.
9 *enter alia.*

10
11 In a sealed envelope with the postage prepaid into the United States mail
12 outlet via an authorized California Department of Corrections employee at
13 State Prison, in California, and addressed as

14 follows:
15 Los Angeles County
16 Board of Supervisors,
17 Hall of Administration
18 500 W Temple St.
19 Los Angeles, Calif. 90062.

20 Orange County Board
21 of Supervisors
22 10 Civic Center Plaza
23 Santa Ana, CA. 92701.

Riverside County Board
of Supervisors
4080 Lemon St.
Riverside, CA. 92502.

SAN Diego County Board
of Supervisors
1600 Pacific
SAN Diego, CA. 92101.

24
25 I declare under penalty of perjury by the laws of the State of California that
26 the foregoing is true and correct (pursuant to 28 USCA §1746(2)).
27

28 DATE May 18 2008

SIGNATURE

Tyrrell F. Cannon

PROOF OF SERVICE

Declaration of Service by Mail

Tyrrell F. Cannon, declare that I am over the age of eighteen (18) and that I (am/~~am~~) a party to this action. On MAY 18, 2008, I deposited a copy of the following document(s):

Complaint. 49USCA 1985. / 18 USCA 238).

In a sealed envelope with the postage prepaid into the United States mail outlet via an authorized California Department of Corrections employee at State Prison, in California, and addressed as follows:

U.S. Courthouse
880 Front St Rm 4990
San Diego, CA 92101.

Riverside U.S. Courthouse
3470 Euclid St.
Riverside, CA 92501.

Santa Ana.
U.S. Courthouse.
411 W. Fourth St.
Santa Ana, CA 92701.

Fresno. U.S. Courthouse
2500 Tulare Street, #1501.
Fresno, CA 93721.

U.S. Court house.
Central District
312 N Spring St #G-8 Los Angeles, Calif. 90062

I declare under penalty of perjury by the laws of the State of California that

the foregoing is true and correct (pursuant to 28 USCA §1746(2)).



CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE SECOND PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I (a) PLAINTIFFS

Tyrrell Farrow Cannon

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF Riverside
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

2254	1983
DEFENDANT'S FILING FEE PAID	
Yes	No
CIVIL PLEADING FILED	
Yes	No
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)	
COPIES SENT TO	
Court	Phone

Knights of the KKK et al

FILED

MAY 20 2008

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
BY DEPUTY

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND

(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER)

Tyrrell Farrow Cannon
PO Box 2199
Blythe, CA 92226
T-91710

ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)

'08 CV 0834 L JMA

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
 2 U.S. Government Defendant 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT
(For Diversity Cases Only))

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| Citizen of This State | <input type="checkbox"/> PT <input type="checkbox"/> DEF | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State | <input type="checkbox"/> PT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DEF |
| Citizen of Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Foreign Nation | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | | |

IV. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE US CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE. DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY).

42 U.S.C. 1983

V. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

CONTRACT	TORTS		FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reappointment
<input type="checkbox"/> Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane	<input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury-Medical Malpractice	<input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug	<input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	<input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust
<input type="checkbox"/> Miller Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 871	PROPERTY RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking
<input type="checkbox"/> Negotiable Instrument	<input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	<input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws	<input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights	<input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc.
<input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	<input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability	PERSONAL PROPERTY	<input type="checkbox"/> 640 RR & Truck	<input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent	<input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation
<input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud	<input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs	<input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark	<input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
<input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	<input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending	<input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health	SOCIAL SECURITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service
<input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veterans Benefits	<input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle	<input type="checkbox"/> 372 Other Personal Property Damage	<input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395H)	<input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities Exchange
<input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders Suits	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage	LABOR	<input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923)	<input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIW (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts
<input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability	REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations	<input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI	<input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act
			<input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters
			<input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act
			<input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation	<input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act
			<input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc.	<input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS - Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice
			<input type="checkbox"/> Security Act		<input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State
					<input type="checkbox"/> 990 Other Statutory Actions

VI. ORIGIN (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 Original Proceeding 2 Removal from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Transferred from another district (specify) 6 Multidistrict Litigation 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

 CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER f.r.c.p. 23

DEMAND \$

Check YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: YES NO

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See Instructions): JUDGE

Docket Number

DATE 5/20/2008

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

R. Muller